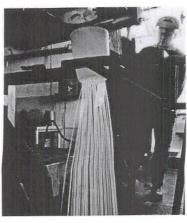
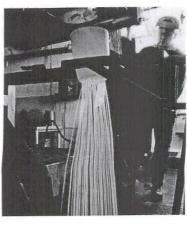
23. Gold Temperatures. Gold stays solid at Fahrenheit temperatures below 1945.4°. Determine (in terms of an inequality) those Celsius temperatures for which gold stays solid. Use the formula given in Margin Exercise 11.



24. Body Temperatures. The human body is considered to be fevered when its temperature is higher than 98.6°E. Using the formula given in Margin Exercise 11, determine (in terms of an inequality) those Celsius temperatures for which the body is fevered.

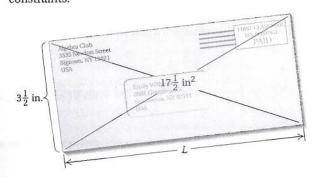


25. World Records in the 1500-m Run. The formula

$$R = -0.075t + 3.85$$

can be used to predict the world record in the 1500-m run t years after 1930. Determine (in terms of an inequality) those years for which the world record will be less than 3.5 min.

27. Sizes of Envelopes. Rhetoric Advertising is a direct-mail company. It determines that for a particular campaign, it can use any envelope with a fixed width of  $3\frac{1}{2}$  in. and an area of at least  $17\frac{1}{2}$  in<sup>2</sup>. Determine (in terms of an inequality) those lengths that will satisfy the company constraints.



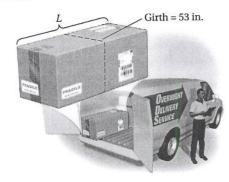
29. Blueprints. To make copies of blueprints, Vantage Reprographics charges a \$5 setup fee plus \$4 per copy. Myra can spend no more than \$65 for the copying. What numbers of copies will allow her to stay within budget?

26. World Records in the 200-m Dash. The formula

$$R = -0.028t + 20.8$$

can be used to predict the world record in the 200-m dash t years after 1920. Determine (in terms of an inequality) those years for which the world record will be less than 19.0 sec.

28. Sizes of Packages. An overnight delivery service accepts packages of up to 165 in. in length and girth combined. (Girth is the distance around the package.) A package has a fixed girth of 53 in. Determine (in terms of an inequality) those lengths for which a package is acceptable.



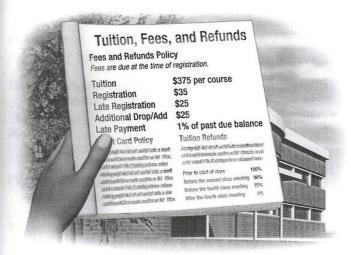
30. Banquet Costs. The women's volleyball team can spend at most \$450 for its awards banquet at a local restaurant. If the restaurant charges a \$40 setup fee plus \$16 per person, at most how many can attend?

- 31. Phor \$3.00 typic do h
- 33. Colle her t colle cour whic



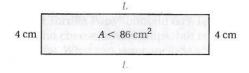
- 35. Nutrii Drug. of frui one w servin Saturc for the
- 37. Perimu fixed a least 2
- 39. Area of 4 cm. I

- 31. *Phone Costs.* Simon claims that it costs him at least \$3.00 every time he calls an overseas customer. If his typical call costs 75¢ plus 45¢ for each minute, how long do his calls typically last? (*Hint*: 75¢ = \$0.75.)
- 33. College Tuition. Angelica's financial aid stipulates that her tuition not exceed \$1000. If her local community college charges a \$35 registration fee plus \$375 per course, what is the greatest number of courses for which Angelica can register?



- 32. Parking Costs. Laura is certain that every time she parks in the municipal garage it costs her at least \$2.20. If the garage charges 45¢ plus 25¢ for each half hour, for how long is Laura's car generally parked?
- **34.** Furnace Repairs. RJ's Plumbing and Heating charges \$25 plus \$30 per hour for emergency service. Gary remembers being billed over \$100 for an emergency call. How long was RJ's there?

- 35. Nutrition. Following the guidelines of the Food and Drug Administration, Dale tries to eat at least 5 servings of fruits or vegetables each day. For the first six days of one week, he had 4, 6, 7, 4, 6, and 4 servings. How many servings of fruits or vegetables should Dale eat on Saturday, in order to average at least 5 servings per day for the week?
- 37. Perimeter of a Rectangle. The width of a rectangle is fixed at 8 ft. What lengths will make the perimeter at least 200 ft? at most 200 ft?
- 39. Area of a Rectangle. The width of a rectangle is fixed at 4 cm. For what lengths will the area be less than 86 cm<sup>2</sup>?



- **36.** College Course Load. To remain on financial aid, Millie needs to complete an average of at least 7 credits per quarter each year. In the first three quarters of 2005, Millie completed 5, 7, and 8 credits. How many credits of course work must Millie complete in the fourth quarter if she is to remain on financial aid?
- **38.** Perimeter of a Triangle. One side of a triangle is 2 cm shorter than the base. The other side is 3 cm longer than the base. What lengths of the base will allow the perimeter to be greater than 19 cm?
- **40.** Area of a Rectangle. The width of a rectangle is fixed at 16 yd. For what lengths will the area be at least 264 yd<sup>2</sup>?

Insurance-covered Repairs. Most insurance companies will replace a vehicle if an estimated repair exceeds 80% of the "blue-book" value of the vehicle. Michelle's insurance company paid \$8500 for repairs to her Subaru after an accident. What can be concluded about the blue-book value of the car?

Fat Content in Foods. Reduced Fat Skippy® peanut butter contains 12 g of fat per serving. In order for a food to be labeled "reduced fat," it must have at least 25% less fat than the regular item. What can you conclude about the number of grams of fat in a serving of the regular Skippy peanut butter?

Source: Best Foods

- 5. Pond Depth. On July 1, Garrett's Pond was 25 ft deep. Since that date, the water level has dropped  $\frac{2}{3}$  ft per week. For what dates will the water level not exceed 21 ft?
- 7. Area of a Triangular Flag. As part of an outdoor education course, Wanda needs to make a brightcolored triangular flag with an area of at least 3 ft2. What heights can the triangle be if the base is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft?



49. Electrician Visits. Dot's Electric made 17 customer calls last week and 22 calls this week. How many calls must be made next week in order to maintain an average of at least 20 for the three-week period?



- 42. Insurance-covered Repairs. Following an accident, Jeff's Ford pickup was replaced by his insurance company because the damage was so extensive. Before the damage, the blue-book value of the truck was \$21,000. How much would it have cost to repair the truck? (See Exercise 41.)
- 44. Fat Content in Foods. Reduced Fat Chips Ahoy!® cookies contain 5 g of fat per serving. What can you conclude about the number of grams of fat in regular Chips Ahoy! cookies (see Exercise 43)?

Source: Nabisco Brands, Inc.

- 46. Weight Gain. A 3-lb puppy is gaining weight at a rate of  $\frac{3}{4}$  lb per week. When will the puppy's weight exceed
- 48. Area of a Triangular Sign. Zoning laws in Harrington prohibit displaying signs with areas exceeding 12 ft2. If Flo's Marina is ordering a triangular sign with an 8-ft base, how tall can the sign be?



50. Volunteer Work. George and Joan do volunteer workst a hospital. Joan worked 3 more hr than George, and together they worked more than 27 hr. What possible numbers of hours did each work?

51. DW II age, w

SKILL

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In each of 1

- 53. The pro numbe
- 54. The pro numbe
- 55. The \_\_ always
- 56. The \_ always 1
- 57. Equatio
- 58. The\_ add the equation
- 59. The\_ multiply an inequ
- 60. Any repla true is ca

SYNTHE

- 61. Ski Wax. Fahrenhe: which gre
- 63. Nutritiona "lowfat," it Reduced fa regular nac labeled lov content of

- 51.  $\mathbb{D}_{W}$  If f represents Fran's age and t represents Todd's age, write a sentence that would translate to t + 3 < f.
- **52.** D<sub>W</sub> Explain how the meanings of "Five more than a number" and "Five is more than a number" differ.

#### SKILL MAINTENANCE

## VOCABULARY REINFORCEMENT

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In each of Exercises 53-60, fill in the blank with the correct term from the given list. Some of the choices may not be used.

- 53. The product of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ number of negative numbers is always positive. [1.5a]
- 54. The product of a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ number of negative numbers is always negative. [1.5a]
- 55. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ inverse of a negative number is always positive. [1.3b]
- 56. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ inverse of a negative number is always negative. [1.6b]
- 57. Equations with the same solutions are called \_\_\_\_\_ equations. [2.1b]
- 58. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ for equations asserts that when we add the same number to the expressions on each side of the equation, we get equivalent equations. [2.1b]
- 59. The \_\_\_\_\_\_ for inequalities asserts that when we multiply or divide by a negative number on both sides of an inequality, the direction of the inequality symbol \_\_\_\_\_\_. [2.7d]
- 60. Any replacement for the variable that makes an equation true is called a(n) \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the equation. [2.1a]

addition principle
multiplication principle
solution
replacement
variable
is reversed
stays the same
even
odd
multiplicative
additive
equivalent

#### SYNTHESIS

- 61. Ski Wax. Green ski wax works best between 5° and 15° Fahrenheit. Determine those Celsius temperatures for which green ski wax works best.
- **62.** Parking Fees. Mack's Parking Garage charges \$4.00 for the first hour and \$2.50 for each additional hour. For how long has a car been parked when the charge exceeds \$16.50?
- 63. Nutritional Standards. In order for a food to be labeled "lowfat," it must have fewer than 3 g of fat per serving. Reduced fat Tortilla Pops® contain 60% less fat than regular nacho cheese tortilla chips, but still cannot be labeled lowfat. What can you conclude about the fat content of a serving of nacho cheese tortilla chips?
- **64.** Parking Fees. When asked how much the parking charge is for a certain car (see Exercise 62), Mack replies "between 14 and 24 dollars." For how long has the car been parked?

The review that follows is meant to prepare you for a chapter exam. It consists of three parts. The first part, Concept Reinforcement, is designed to increase understanding of the concepts through true/false exercises. The second part is a list of important properties and formulas. The third part is the Review Exercises. These provide practice exercises for the exam, together with references to section objectives so you can go back and review. Before beginning, stop and look back over the skills you have obtained. What skills in mathematics do you have now that you did not have before studying this chapter?

## CONCEPT REINFORCEMENT

Determine whether the statement is true or false. Answers are given at the back of the book.

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. If x > y, then -x < -y.

Consecutive odd integers are 2 units apart.

**3.** For any number  $n, n \ge n$ .

4. 3 - x = 4x and 5x = -3 are equivalent equations.

5. Some equations have no solution.

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. 2x - 7 < 11 and x < -9 are equivalent inequalities.

### IMPORTANT PROPERTIES AND FORMULAS

The Addition Principle for Equations: For any real numbers a, b, and c: a = b is equivalent to a + c = b + c.

The Multiplication Principle for Equations: For any real numbers a, b, and c,  $c \ne 0$ : a = b is equivalent to

 $a \cdot c = b \cdot c$ .

The Addition Principle for Inequalities: For any real numbers *a*, *b*, and *c*:

a < b is equivalent to a + c < b + c;

a > b is equivalent to a + c > b + c;

 $a \le b$  is equivalent to  $a + c \le b + c$ ;

 $a \ge b$  is equivalent to  $a + c \ge b + c$ .

The Multiplication Principle for Inequalities: For any real numbers a and b, and any positive number c:

a < b is equivalent to ac < bc; a > b is equivalent to ac > bc.

For any real numbers a and b, and any negative number c:

a < b is equivalent to ac > bc; a > b is equivalent to ac < bc.

# Review Exercises

Solve. [2.1b]

1. 
$$x + 5 = -17$$

2. 
$$n-7=-6$$

3. 
$$x - 11 = 14$$
 4.  $y - 0.9 = 9.09$ 

Solve. [2.2a]

5. 
$$-\frac{2}{3}x = -\frac{1}{6}$$

6. 
$$-8x = -56$$

7. 
$$-\frac{x}{4} = 48$$

8. 
$$15x = -35$$

9. 
$$\frac{4}{5}y = -\frac{3}{16}$$

16. 
$$\frac{1}{4}$$

18. 
$$4(x)$$

23. -3

26. 
$$y + -\frac{1}{2}$$

28. 
$$2 + 6$$

30. 
$$3x +$$

Solve. [2.3a]

10. 
$$5 - x = 13$$

11. 
$$\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$$

Solve. [2.3b, c]

12. 
$$5t + 9 = 3t - 1$$

13. 
$$7x - 6 = 25x$$

14. 
$$14y = 23y - 17 - 10$$

15. 
$$0.22y - 0.6 = 0.12y + 3 - 0.8y$$

$$16. \ \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{1}{8}x = 3 - \frac{1}{16}x$$

17. 
$$14y + 17 + 7y = 9 + 21y + 8$$

Solve. [2.3c]

18. 
$$4(x + 3) = 36$$

**19.** 
$$3(5x - 7) = -66$$

20. 
$$8(x-2) - 5(x+4) = 20 + x$$

$$21. -5x + 3(x + 8) = 16$$

22. 
$$6(x-2)-16=3(2x-5)+11$$

Determine whether the given number is a solution of the inequality  $x \le 4$ . [2.7a]

$$23. -3$$

Solve. Write set notation for the answers. [2.7c, d, e]

$$26. \ y + \frac{2}{3} \ge \frac{1}{6}$$

**27.** 
$$9x \ge 63$$

28. 
$$2 + 6y > 14$$

**29.** 
$$7 - 3y \ge 27 + 2y$$

30. 
$$3x + 5 < 2x - 6$$

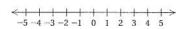
31. 
$$-4y < 28$$

32. 
$$4 - 8x < 13 + 3x$$
 33.  $-4x \le \frac{1}{3}$ 

33. 
$$-4x \le \frac{1}{3}$$

Graph on a number line. [2.7b, e]

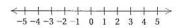
**34.** 
$$4x - 6 < x + 3$$



**35.** 
$$-2 < x \le 5$$



**36.** 
$$y > 0$$



Solve. [2.4b]

**37.** 
$$C = \pi d$$
, for  $d$ 

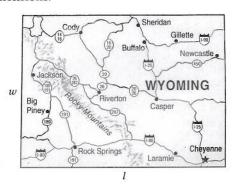
**38.** 
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$
, for B

**39.** 
$$A = \frac{a+b}{2}$$
, for *a*

**40.** 
$$y = mx + b$$
, for  $x$ 

Solve. [2.6a]

41. Dimensions of Wyoming. The state of Wyoming is roughly in the shape of a rectangle whose perimeter is 1280 mi. The length is 90 mi more than the width. Find the dimensions.



42. Interstate Mile Markers. The sum of two consecutive mile markers on I-5 in California is 691. Find the numbers on the markers.

- 43. An entertainment center sold for \$2449 in June. This was \$332 more than the cost in February. Find the cost in February.
- **44.** Ty is paid a commission of \$4 for each appliance he sells. One week, he received \$108 in commissions. How many appliances did he sell?
- 45. The measure of the second angle of a triangle is 50° more than that of the first angle. The measure of the third angle is 10° less than twice the first angle. Find the measures of the angles.
- Solve. [2.5a]
- 46. What number is 20% of 75?
- 47. Fifteen is what percent of 80?
- 48. 18 is 3% of what number?
- 49. Job Opportunities. There were 905 thousand childcare workers in 1998. Job opportunities are expected to grow to 1141 thousand by 2008. What is the percent of increase?

Source: Handbook of U.S. Labor Statistics



- Solve. [2.6a]
- 50. After a 30% reduction, a bread maker is on sale for \$154. What was the marked price (the price before the reduction)?

- **52.** A tax-exempt charity received a bill of \$145.90 for a sump pump. The bill incorrectly included sales tax of 5%. How much does the charity actually owe?
- Solve. [2.8b]
- **53.** *Test Scores.* Your test grades are 71, 75, 82, and 86. What is the lowest grade that you can get on the next test and still have an average test score of at least 80?
- 54. The length of a rectangle is 43 cm. What widths will make the perimeter greater than 120 cm?
- 55. D<sub>W</sub> Would it be better to receive a 5% raise and then an 8% raise or the other way around? Why? [2.5a]
- **56.**  $\mathbb{D}_{W}$  Are the inequalities x > -5 and -x < 5 equivalent? Why or why not? [2.7d]

# SYNTHESIS

- Solve.
- **57.** 2|x| + 4 = 50 [1.2e], [2.3a]
- **58.** |3x| = 60 [1.2e], [2.2a]
- **59.** y = 2a ab + 3, for a = [2.4b]

Solve.

1. 
$$x + 7$$

4. 
$$-\frac{4}{7}x$$

7. 
$$8 - y =$$

12. 
$$4(3x -$$

14. 
$$x + 6 \le$$

17. 
$$-2y \ge 2$$

20. 
$$4 - 6x >$$

Graph on a r

22. 
$$y \le 9$$

24. 
$$-2 \le x \le$$

Solve.

25. What nun

27. 800 is 2%

Solve.

1. 
$$x + 7 = 15$$

**2.** 
$$t - 9 = 17$$

3. 
$$3x = -18$$

$$4. -\frac{4}{7}x = -28$$

5. 
$$3t + 7 = 2t - 5$$

**6.** 
$$\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

7. 
$$8 - y = 16$$

$$8. -\frac{2}{5} + x = -\frac{3}{4}$$

9. 
$$3(x+2)=27$$

10. 
$$-3x - 6(x - 4) = 9$$

11. 
$$0.4p + 0.2 = 4.2p - 7.8 - 0.6p$$

12. 
$$4(3x - 1) + 11 = 2(6x + 5) - 8$$

13. 
$$-2 + 7x + 6 = 5x + 4 + 2x$$

Solve. Write set notation for the answers.

14. 
$$x + 6 \le 2$$

15. 
$$14x + 9 > 13x - 4$$

**16.** 
$$12x \le 60$$

17. 
$$-2y ≥ 26$$

18. 
$$-4y \le -32$$

19. 
$$-5x \ge \frac{1}{4}$$

20. 
$$4 - 6x > 40$$

**21.** 
$$5 - 9x \ge 19 + 5x$$

Graph on a number line.

22. 
$$y \le 9$$

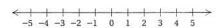
an



**23.** 
$$6x - 3 < x + 2$$



 $24, -2 \le x \le 2$ 



Solve.

25. What number is 24% of 75?

26. 15.84 is what percent of 96?

27. 800 is 2% of what number?

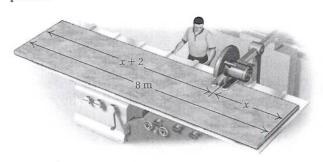
28. Job Opportunities. Job opportunities for physician's assistants are expected to increase from 58,000 in 2000 to 89,000 in 2010. What is the percent of increase?

Source: Monthly Labor Review, November 2001

- **29.** *Perimeter of a Photograph.* The perimeter of a rectangular photograph is 36 cm. The length is 4 cm greater than the width. Find the width and the length.
- **30.** Charitable Contributions. About 35.9% of all charitable contributions are made to religious organizations. In 2003, about \$86.4 billion was given to religious organizations. How much was given to charities in general?

Source: AAFRC Trust for Philanthropy/Giving USA 2004

- **31.** *Raffle Tickets.* The numbers on three raffle tickets are consecutive integers whose sum is 7530. Find the integers.
- **32.** Savings Account. Money is invested in a savings account at 5% simple interest. After 1 year, there is \$924 in the account. How much was originally invested?
- **33.** *Board Cutting.* An 8-m board is cut into two pieces. One piece is 2 m longer than the other. How long are the pieces?



**34.** Lengths of a Rectangle. The width of a rectangle is 96 yd. Find all possible lengths such that the perimeter of the rectangle will be at least 540 yd.

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Source: Fo

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Section :

- 35. Budgeting. Jason has budgeted an average of \$95 a month for entertainment. For the first five months of the year, he has spent \$98, \$89, \$110, \$85, and \$83. How much can Jason spend in the sixth month without exceeding his average budget?
- 36. Copy Machine Rental. It costs \$225 per month plus 1.2¢ per copy to rent a copy machine. A catalog publisher needs to lease a copy machine for use during a special project that they anticipate will take 3 months. They decide to rent the copier, but must stay within a budget of \$2400 for copies. Determine (in terms of an inequality) the number of copies they can make and still remain within budget.

37. Solve  $A = 2\pi rh$  for r.

**38.** Solve y = 8x + b for *x*.

#### SYNTHESIS

**39.** Solve 
$$c = \frac{1}{a-d}$$
 for  $d$ .

**40.** Solve: 3|w| - 8 = 37.

41. A movie theater had a certain number of tickets to give away. Five people got the tickets. The first got one-third of the tickets, the second got one-fourth of the tickets, and the third got one-fifth of the tickets. The fourth person got eight tickets, and there were five tickets left for the fifth person. Find the total number of tickets given away.

## Test: Chapter 1, p. 79

- **1.** [1.1a] 6 **2.** [1.1b] x 9 **3.** [1.1a] 240 ft<sup>2</sup>
- 4. [1.2d] < 5. [1.2d] > 6. [1.2d] > 7. [1.2d] <
- **8.** [1.2e] 7 **9.** [1.2e]  $\frac{9}{4}$  **10.** [1.2e] 2.7 **11.** [1.3b]  $-\frac{2}{3}$
- **12.** [1.3b] 1.4 **13.** [1.3b] 8 **14.** [1.6b]  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 15.  $[1.6b] \frac{7}{4}$  16. [1.4a] 7.8 17. [1.3a] -8
- **18.** [1.3a]  $\frac{7}{40}$  **19.** [1.4a] 10 **20.** [1.4a] -2.5
- **21.** [1.4a]  $\frac{7}{8}$  **22.** [1.5a] -48 **23.** [1.5a]  $\frac{3}{16}$
- **24.** [1.6a] -9 **25.** [1.6c]  $\frac{3}{4}$  **26.** [1.6c] -9.728
- 27. [1.8d] -173 28. [1.8d] -5 29. [1.4b] 14°F
- **30.** [1.3c], [1.4b] Up 15 points **31.** [1.5b] 16,080
- **32.** [1.6d]  $\frac{33}{35}$  °C per minute **33.** [1.7c] 18 3x
- **34.** [1.7c] -5y + 5 **35.** [1.7d] 2(6 11x)
- **36.** [1.7d] 7(x + 3 + 2y) **37.** [1.4a] 12
- **38.** [1.8b] 2x + 7 **39.** [1.8b] 9a 12b 7
- **40.** [1.8c] 68y 8 **41.** [1.8d] -4 **42.** [1.8d] 448
- **43.**  $[1.2d] -2 \ge x$  **44.** [1.2e], [1.8d] 15
- **45.** [1.8c] 4a **46.** [1.7e] 4x + 4y

### CHAPTER 2

# Margin Exercises, Section 2.1, pp. 82-85

1. False 2. True 3. Neither 4. Yes 5. No 6. No 7. Yes 8. 9 9. -13 10. 22 11. 13.2 12. -6.5 13. -2 14.  $\frac{31}{9}$ 

### Exercise Set 2.1, p. 86

- 1. Yes 3. No 5. No 7. Yes 9. No 11. No
- **13.** 4 **15.** -20 **17.** -14 **19.** -18 **21.** 15
- **23.** -14 **25.** 2 **27.** 20 **29.** -6 **31.**  $6\frac{1}{2}$  **33.** 19.9
- 35.  $\frac{7}{3}$  37.  $-\frac{7}{4}$  39.  $\frac{41}{24}$  41.  $-\frac{1}{20}$  43. 5.1 45. 12.4 47. -5 49.  $1\frac{5}{6}$  51.  $-\frac{10}{21}$  53. D<sub>W</sub> 55. -11 56. 5
- 57.  $-\frac{5}{12}$  58.  $\frac{1}{3}$  59.  $-\frac{3}{2}$  60. -5.2 61.  $-\frac{1}{24}$  62. 172.72 63. \$83 x 64. 65t miles 65. 342.246
- 67.  $-\frac{26}{15}$  69. -10 71. All real numbers 73.  $-\frac{5}{17}$
- 75. 13, -13

## Margin Exercises, Section 2.2, pp. 88-91

- 1. 15 2.  $-\frac{7}{4}$  3. -18 4. 10 5. 10 6.  $-\frac{4}{5}$
- **7.** 7800 **8.** −3 **9.** 28

### Exercise Set 2.2, p. 92

1. 6 3. 9 5. 12 7. -40 9. 1 11. -7 13. -6 15. 6 17. -63 19. 36 21. -21 23.  $-\frac{3}{5}$  25.  $-\frac{3}{2}$ **27.**  $\frac{9}{2}$  **29.** 7 **31.** -7 **33.** 8 **35.** 15.9 **37.** -50

- **39.** -14 **41.**  $\mathbf{D_W}$  **43.** 7x **44.** -x + 5 **45.** 8x + 11
- **46.** -32y **47.** x-4 **48.** -5x-23 **49.** -10y-42
- **50.** -22a + 4 **51.** 8*r* miles **52.**  $\frac{1}{2}b \cdot 10 \text{ m}^2$ , or  $5b \text{ m}^2$
- **53.** -8655 **55.** No solution **57.** No solution
- **59.**  $\frac{b}{3a}$  **61.**  $\frac{4b}{a}$

## Margin Exercises, Section 2.3, pp. 94-100

- 1. 5 2. 4 3. 4 4. 39 5.  $-\frac{3}{2}$  6. -4.3
- 8. 800 9. 1 10. 2 11. 2 12.  $\frac{17}{2}$  13.  $\frac{8}{3}$
- **14.**  $-\frac{43}{10}$ , or -4.3 **15.** 2 **16.** 3 **17.** -2 **18.**  $-\frac{1}{2}$
- 19. Yes 20. Yes 21. Yes 22. Yes 23. No
- 24. No 25. No 26. No 27. All real numbers
- 28. No solution

### Calculator Corner, p. 101

1. Left to the student 2. Left to the student

### Exercise Set 2.3, p. 102

- 1. 5 3. 8 5. 10 7. 14 9. -8 11. -8 13. -7
- 15.  $\frac{2}{3}$  17. 6 19. 4 21. 6 23. -3 25. 1
- 27. 6 29. -20 31. 7 33. 2 35. 5 37. 2 39. 10 41. 4 43. 0 45. -1 47.  $-\frac{4}{3}$  49.  $\frac{2}{5}$  51. -2 53. -4 55.  $\frac{4}{5}$  57.  $-\frac{28}{27}$  59. 6 61. 2
- 63. No solution 65. All real numbers 67. 6 69. 8
- 71. 1 73. All real numbers 75. No solution
- 77. 17 79.  $-\frac{5}{3}$  81. -3 83. 2 85.  $\frac{4}{7}$  87. No solution 89. All real numbers 91.  $-\frac{51}{31}$
- **93.**  $\mathbf{D_W}$  **95.** -6.5 **96.** -75.14 **97.** 7(x-3-2y)
- **98.** 8(y-11x+1) **99.** -160 **100.** -17x+18
- **101.** 91x 242 **102.** 0.25 **103.**  $-\frac{5}{32}$  **105.**  $\frac{52}{45}$

# Margin Exercises, Section 2.4, pp. 106-109

- 1. 2.8 mi 2. 280,865 socks 3. 341 mi 4. q = 3B
- 5.  $r = \frac{d}{t}$  6.  $I = \frac{E}{R}$  7. x = y 5 8. x = y + 7
- **9.** x = y + b **10.**  $y = \frac{5x}{9}$ , or  $\frac{5}{9}x$  **11.**  $p = \frac{bq}{a}$
- 12.  $x = \frac{y b}{m}$  13.  $Q = \frac{a + p}{t}$  14.  $D = \frac{C}{\pi}$
- 15. c = 4A a b d

## Exercise Set 2.4, p. 110

- 1. (a) 57,000 Btu's; (b)  $a = \frac{B}{30}$  3. (a)  $1\frac{3}{5}$  mi; (b) t = 5M
- **5.** (a) 1423 students; (b) n = 15f
- **7.** 10.5 calories per ounce **9.** 42 games **11.**  $x = \frac{y}{5}$
- 13.  $c = \frac{a}{b}$  15. x = y 13 17. x = y b

**19.** x = 5 - y **21.** x = a - y **23.**  $y = \frac{5x}{8}$ , or  $\frac{5}{8}x$ 

**25.**  $x = \frac{By}{A}$  **27.**  $t = \frac{W - b}{m}$  **29.**  $x = \frac{y - c}{b}$ 

31. b = 3A - a - c 33.  $t = \frac{A - b}{a}$  35.  $h = \frac{A}{b}$ 

37.  $w = \frac{P-2l}{2}$ , or  $\frac{1}{2}P-l$  39. a = 2A-b

**41.**  $a = \frac{F}{m}$  **43.**  $c^2 = \frac{E}{m}$  **45.**  $x = \frac{c - By}{A}$  **47.**  $t = \frac{3k}{v}$ 

**49. D**<sub>W</sub> **51.** 1 **52.** -90 **53.** -9.325

**55.** -13.2 **56.** -21a + 12b **57.**  $\frac{1}{6}$  **58.**  $-\frac{3}{2}$ 

59. (a) 1901 calories;

**(b)**  $a = \frac{917 + 6w + 6h - K}{6}$ ;  $h = \frac{K - 917 - 6w + 6a}{6}$ ;  $w = \frac{K - 917 - 6h + 6a}{}$ 

**61.**  $b = \frac{Ha - 2}{H}$ , or  $a - \frac{2}{H}$ ;  $a = \frac{2 + Hb}{H}$ , or  $\frac{2}{H} + b$ 

**63.** A quadruples. **65.** A increases by 2h units.

### Margin Exercises, Section 2.5, pp. 114-117

**1.**  $13\% \cdot 80 = a$  **2.**  $a = 60\% \cdot 70$  **3.**  $43 = 20\% \cdot b$ 

**4.**  $110\% \cdot b = 30$  **5.**  $16 = n \cdot 80$  **6.**  $n \cdot 94 = 10.5$ 

7. 1.92 8. 115 9. 36% 10. 111,416 mi<sup>2</sup>

11. About 1.2 million 12. About 58%

### Exercise Set 2.5, p. 118

**3.** 150 **5.** 546 **7.** 24% **9.** 2.5 **11.** 5%

13. 25% 15. 84 17. 24% 19. 16% 21.  $46\frac{2}{3}$ 

23. 0.8 25. 5 27. 40 29. \$198 31. \$1584

33. \$528 35. Japan: 44.3%; Germany: 24.9%

37. About 603 at-bats 39. \$195 41. (a) 16%; (b) \$29

**43.** (a) \$3.75; (b) \$28.75 **45.** (a) \$28.80; (b) \$33.12

**47.** 200 women **49.** About 31.5 lb **51.** \$655; 196% **53.** \$2190; \$1455 **55.** \$3935; 261% **57. D**<sub>W</sub>

**59.** -11 **60.** -100 **61.**  $-\frac{2}{5}$  **62.** 2 **63.** a+c

**64.** 7x - 9y **65.** -3.9 **66.**  $-6\frac{1}{8}$  **67.** Division;

subtraction 68. Exponential; division; subtraction

69. 6 ft 7 in.

### Margin Exercises, Section 2.6, pp. 123-132

1.  $62\frac{2}{3}$  mi 2. Jenny: 8 in.; Emma: 4 in.; Sarah: 6 in.

3. 313 and 314 4. 60,417 copies

5. Length: 84 ft; width: 50 ft 6. First: 30°; second: 90°; third: 60° 7. Second: 80; third: 89 8. \$8400 9. \$658

#### Translating for Success, p. 133

1. B 2. H 3. G 4. N 5. J 6. C 7. L 8. E 9. F 10. D

### Exercise Set 2.6, p. 134

1. 180 in.; 60 in. 3. \$4.29 5. \$6.3 billion 7.  $699\frac{1}{3}$  mi 9. 1204 and 1205 11. 41, 42, 43 13. 61, 63, 65

61

67

73 75

85

9

(t

10

N

1

E

15. Length: 48 ft; width: 14 ft 17. \$75 19. \$85

**21.** 11 visits **23.** 28°, 84°, 68° **25.** 33°, 38°, 109°

27. \$350 29. \$852.94 31. 12 mi 33. \$36 , 105 25. \$25 and \$50 37.  $^{10}$ 

**51.** About 0.65 in. **53.** \$9.17, not \$9.10

## Margin Exercises, Section 2.7, pp. 139-146

1. (a) No; (b) no; (c) no; (d) yes; (e) no; (f) no

2. (a) Yes; (b) yes; (c) yes; (d) no; (e) yes; (f) yes

3.  $x \leqslant 4$  4. x > -2

7.  $\{x \mid x \le 3\}$ ; 8.  $\{x \mid x < -3\}$ ;

9.  $\left\{x \mid x \ge \frac{2}{15}\right\}$  10.  $\left\{y \mid y \le -3\right\}$ 11.  $\left\{x \mid x < 8\right\}$ ; 12.  $\{y | y \ge 32\}$ ;

**13.**  $\{x \mid x \ge -6\}$  **14.**  $\{y \mid y < -\frac{13}{5}\}$ 

**15.**  $\{x \mid x > -\frac{1}{4}\}$  **16.**  $\{y \mid y \ge \frac{19}{9}\}$  **17.**  $\{y \mid y \ge \frac{19}{9}\}$ 

**18.**  $\{x \mid x \ge -2\}$  **19.**  $\{x \mid x \ge -4\}$  **20.**  $\{x \mid x > \frac{8}{3}\}$ 

### Exercise Set 2.7, p. 147

1. (a) Yes; (b) yes; (c) no; (d) yes; (e) yes

3. (a) No; (b) no; (c) no; (d) yes; (e) no

13. 0 < x < 3 (x | x > -5); (x | x > -5);

19.  $\{y | y > -5\}$ -18 -20 0

21.  $\{x \mid x > 2\}$  23.  $\{x \mid x \le -3\}$  25.  $\{x \mid x < 4\}$ 27.  $\{t \mid t > 14\}$  29.  $\{y \mid y \le \frac{1}{4}\}$  31.  $\{x \mid x > \frac{7}{12}\}$ 33.  $\{x \mid x < 7\}$ ; 35.  $\{x \mid x < 3\}$ ;

37.  $\{y \mid y \ge -\frac{2}{5}\}$  39.  $\{x \mid x \ge -6\}$  41.  $\{y \mid y \le 4\}$ 

**43.**  $\left\{x \mid x > \frac{17}{3}\right\}$  **45.**  $\left\{y \mid y < -\frac{1}{14}\right\}$  **47.**  $\left\{x \mid x \leq \frac{3}{10}\right\}$ 

**49.**  $\{x \mid x < 8\}$  **51.**  $\{x \mid x \le 6\}$  **53.**  $\{x \mid x < -3\}$ 

**55.**  $\{x \mid x > -3\}$  **57.**  $\{x \mid x \le 7\}$  **59.**  $\{x \mid x > -10\}$ 

61.  $\{y|y<2\}$  63.  $\{y|y\geq 3\}$  65.  $\{y|y>-2\}$ 67.  $\{x \mid x > -4\}$  69.  $\{x \mid x \le 9\}$  71.  $\{y \mid y \le -3\}$ 73.  $\{y | y < 6\}$  75.  $\{m | m \ge 6\}$  77.  $\{t | t < -\frac{5}{3}\}$ 79.  $\{r \mid r > -3\}$  81.  $\{x \mid x \ge -\frac{57}{34}\}$  83.  $\{x \mid x > -2\}$ 85.  $\overline{D}_W$  87. -74 88. 4.8 89.  $-\frac{5}{8}$  90. -1.11 91. -38 92.  $-\frac{7}{8}$  93. -9.4 94. 1.11 95. 140 96. 41 97. -2x - 23 98. 37x - 1 99. (a) Yes; (b) yes; (c) no; (d) no; (e) no; (f) yes; (g) yes

### Margin Exercises, Section 2.8, pp. 151-154

1.  $m \ge 92$  2.  $c \ge 4000$  3.  $p \le 21,900$ **4.** 45 < t < 55 **5.** d > 15 **6.** w < 1107. n > -2**8.**  $c \le 12{,}500$  **9.**  $d \le 11.4\%$  **10.**  $s \ge 23$ 11.  $\frac{9}{5}C + 32 < 88$ ;  $\{C \mid C < 31\frac{1}{9}\}$ 12.  $\frac{91 + 86 + 89 + s}{4} \ge 90; \{s \mid s \ge 94\}$ 

### Exercise Set 2.8, p. 155

101. No solution

 $99\frac{1}{3}$  mi

7.  $a \le 1,200,000$  9.  $c \ge $1.50$  11. x > 8 13.  $y \le -4$ **15.**  $n \ge 1300$  **17.**  $A \le 500 \,\mathrm{L}$  **19.** 3x + 2 < 13**21.**  $\{x \mid x \ge 84\}$  **23.**  $\{C \mid C < 1063^{\circ}\}$  **25.**  $\{Y \mid Y \ge 1935\}$ 27.  $\{L | L \ge 5 \text{ in.}\}$  29. 15 or fewer copies 31. 5 min or more 33. 2 courses 35. 4 servings or more 37. Lengths greater than or equal to 92 ft; lengths less than or equal to 92 ft 39. Lengths less than 21.5 cm 41. The blue-book value is greater than or equal to \$10,625. 43. It has at least 16 g of fat. 45. Dates at least 6 weeks after July 1 47. Heights greater than or equal to 4 ft 49. 21 calls or more 51. D<sub>W</sub> 53. Even 54. Odd 55. Additive 56. Multiplicative 57. Equivalent 58. Addition principle 59. Multiplication principle; is reversed 60. Solution **61.** Temperatures between  $-15^{\circ}$ C and  $-9\frac{4}{9}^{\circ}$ C 63. They contain at least 7.5 g of fat per serving.

1.  $n \ge 7$  3. w > 2 kg 5. 90 mph < s < 110 mph

### Concept Reinforcement, p. 160

2. True 3. True 4. False 5. True 1. True 6. False

### Summary and Review: Chapter 2, p. 160

1. -22 2. 1 3. 25 4. 9.99 5.  $\frac{1}{4}$  6. 7 7. -192 8.  $-\frac{7}{3}$  9.  $-\frac{15}{64}$  10. -8 11. 4 12. -5 13.  $-\frac{1}{3}$  14. 3 15. 4 16. 16 17. All real numbers 18. 6 19. -3 20. 28 21. 4 22. No solution 23. Yes **24.** No **25.** Yes **26.**  $\{y \mid y \ge -\frac{1}{2}\}$  **27.**  $\{x \mid x \ge 7\}$ 28.  $\{y|y > 2\}$  29.  $\{y|y \le -4\}$  30.  $\{x|x < -11\}$ 31.  $\{y|y > -7\}$  32.  $\{x|x > -\frac{9}{11}\}$  33.  $\{x|x \ge -\frac{1}{12}\}$ 34. 35.  $-2 < x \le 5$ 

**39.** a = 2A - b **40.**  $x = \frac{y - b}{m}$  **41.** Length: 365 mi;

width: 275 mi **42.** 345, 346 **43.** \$2117 **44.** 27 appliances **45.** 35°, 85°, 60° **46.** 15

**47.** 18.75% **48.** 600 **49.** About 26% **50.** \$220

**51.** \$53,400 **52.** \$138.95 **53.** 86 **54.**  $\{w \mid w > 17 \text{ cm}\}$ 

55. Dw The end result is the same either way. If s is the original salary, the new salary after a 5% raise followed by an 8% raise is 1.08(1.05s). If the raises occur the other way around, the new salary is 1.05(1.08s). By the commutative and associative laws of multiplication, we see that these are equal. However, it would be better to receive the 8% raise first, because this increase yields a higher salary initially than a 5% raise. 56. Dw The inequalities are equivalent by the multiplication principle for inequalities. If we multiply both sides of one inequality by -1, the other inequality results. 57. 23, -23 58. 20, -20

**59.** 
$$a = \frac{y-3}{2-b}$$

### Test: Chapter 2, p. 163

- 1. [2.1b] 8 2. [2.1b] 26 3. [2.2a] -6 4. [2.2a] 49
- **5.** [2.3b] -12 **6.** [2.3a] 2 **7.** [2.3a] -8 **8.** [2.1b]  $-\frac{7}{20}$
- **9.** [2.3c] 7 **10.** [2.3c]  $\frac{5}{3}$  **11.** [2.3b]  $\frac{5}{2}$
- 12. [2.3c] No solution 13. [2.3c] All real numbers
- **14.** [2.7c]  $\{x \mid x \le -4\}$  **15.** [2.7c]  $\{x \mid x > -13\}$
- **16.** [2.7d]  $\{x \mid x \le 5\}$  **17.** [2.7d]  $\{y \mid y \le -13\}$
- **18.** [2.7d]  $\{y \mid y \ge 8\}$  **19.** [2.7d]  $\{x \mid x \le -\frac{1}{20}\}$
- **20.** [2.7e]  $\{x \mid x < -6\}$  **21.** [2.7e]  $\{x \mid x \le -1\}$

**24.** [2.7b] 
$$\xrightarrow{-2 \le x \le 2}$$
 25. [2.5a] 18

- **26.** [2.5a] 16.5% **27.** [2.5a] 40,000
- 28. [2.5a] About 53.4% 29. [2.6a] Width: 7 cm; length:
- 11 cm 30. [2.5a] About \$240.7 billion
- **31.** [2.6a] 2509, 2510, 2511 **32.** [2.6a] \$880
- **33.** [2.6a] 3 m, 5 m **34.** [2.8b]  $\{l | l \ge 174 \text{ yd}\}$

35. [2.8b] 
$$\{b \mid b \le \$105\}$$
 36. [2.8a]  $\{c \mid c \le 143,750\}$   
37. [2.4b]  $r = \frac{A}{2\pi h}$  38. [2.4b]  $x = \frac{y - b}{8}$ 

**39.** [2.4b] 
$$d = \frac{1 - ca}{-c}$$
, or  $\frac{ca - 1}{c}$ 

**40.** [1.2e], [2.3a] 15, -15 **41.** [2.6a] 60 tickets